

Global Call

May 25, 2022





Agenda

- Introduction to MCLD
- World Hunger Day May 28!
- Unpacking CLD and Ending Hunger
- Special Guest: Asma Lateef, SDG 2 Advocacy Hub "New Consensus"
- Updates: National Chapters
- Upcoming Events









70+ INGOs

 \propto_{0}^{0} 17 National Chapters

Development is Local!



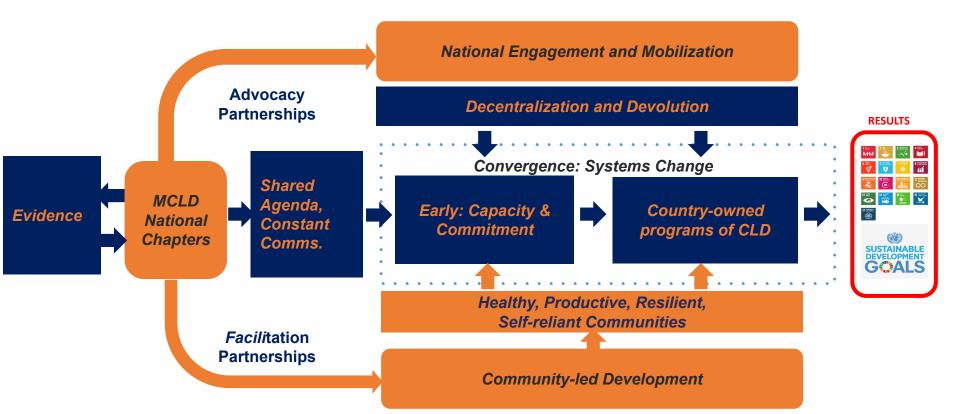


GOALS OF MCLD



- Voice & Agency for Women, Youth, Marginalized Groups
- Adequate Community Finance: 20%+
- Good Local Governance
- Quality Public Services
- Resilience

THEORY OF CHANGE



Coming to Terms: CDD, CLD, LLD and More

New on mcld.org

- Localization?
- Locally-led?
- Community-led?
- Decolonizing?



Visior

May 28 - World Hunger Day mcld.org/whd

The Role of Youth in Ending Hunger

#YouthEndingHunger







WHO WE ARE OUR WORK

MEDIA & RESOURCES WHERE WE WORK GET INVOLVED

DONATE

CLOSE

ENGLISH V

Ο

World Food Programme

UKRAINE KEY STATS

OVER 3.8 MILLION PEOPLE WFP HAS REACHED WITH **EMERGENCY SUPPORT**

4.5 MILLION PEOPLE WFP AIMS TO REACH IN NEXT **3 MONTHS**

UKRAINE CRISIS: 'FAILURE TO OPEN BLACK SEA PORTS IS A DECLARATION OF WAR ON GLOBAL **FOOD SECURITY'**

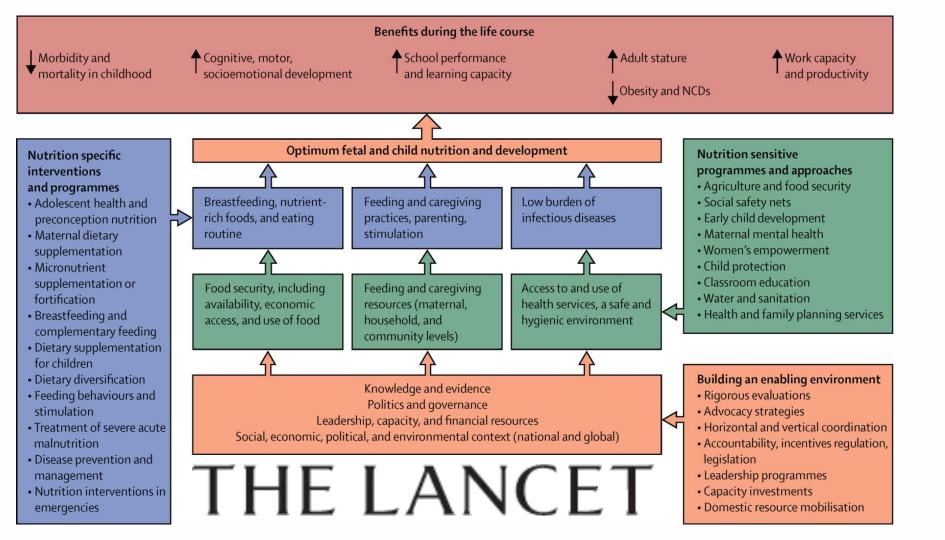


May 2008



ScalingU

ENGAGE • INSPIRE • INVEST



bit.ly/cldhunger

The Hunger Project.

ADVOCAC

ABOUT TOP 10 ALLIANCES SECTORS NEWS CROSSCUTTING THEMES

Give now

Ending Hunger and Community-Led Development: What are the causal links?

May 19, 2022



Building an Enabling Environment

- 1. Rigorous evaluations
- 2. Advocacy strategies
- 3. Horizontal and vertical coordination
- 4. Accountability, incentives, regulations, legislation
- 5. Leadership programmes
- 6. Capacity investments
- 7. Domestic resource mobilization

Nutrition Sensitive Programmes & Approaches

- 1. Agriculture and Food Security
- 2. Social safety nets
- 3. Early child development
- 4. Maternal mental health
- 5. Women's empowerment
- 6. Child protection
- 7. Classroom education
- 8. Water and Sanitation
- 9. Health and family planning services

Nutrition Specific Interventions & Programmes

- 1. Adolescent health & preconception nutrition
- 2. Maternal dietary supplementation
- 3. Micronutrient supplementation or fortification
- 4. Breastfeeding and complementary feeding
- 5. Dietary supplementation for children
- 6. Dietary diversification
- 7. Feeding behaviours and stimulation
- 8. Treatment of severe acute malnutrition
- 9. Disease prevention and management
- 10. Nutrition interventions in emergencies

Asma Lateef - SDG 2 Advocacy Hub



A NEW CONSENSUS WITH SMALL-SCALE **FOOD PRODUCERS**

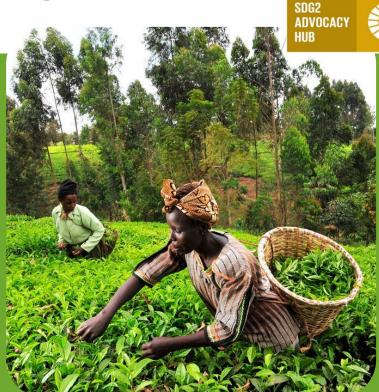
GOOD FOOD BEGINS WITH FARMERS #GOODFOOD4ALL



A NEW POLICY CONSENSUS WITH SMALLHOLDER FARMERS

Good food begins with farmers. Small-scale food producers are at the heart of local and regional food systems, particularly in low and middle-income countries and they will be decisive in transforming food systems to deliver healthy, nutritious diets, sustainably and equitably.Yet by every measure, they are being left behind. The majority live with hunger and poverty and suffer poorer health outcomes. This is simply unacceptable.

The consensus aims to reinvigorate partnerships and coordinate efforts across all stakeholders to stand with smallholder farmers and to be accountable for tangible results.



2 ZERO

CERES 2030



Empower the Excluded

Interventions related to social protection, institutions such as farmers' organizations, and education through vocational training.



On the Farm

Interventions provided directly to farmers, including farm inputs, R&D, improved livestock feed, and irrigation infrastructure.



Food on the Move

Interventions to reduce postharvest losses, including storage, to improve returns from sales, and to support the mix of services provided by SMEs, such as cooperatives, traders, and processors.

Enabling Environment

Strengthen policies, financing, regulations, research, and data to support small-scale producers, and promote responsible



BUILD SYSTEMS RESILIENCE

- Health and
 Nutrition
- Resilience to shocks
- Land Tenure
- Political Stability

CALL TO ACTION

Power and Priorities:

- Center small-scale producers in policymaking, advocate for their right to food and their role and voice in policy decisions and scale up the science and evidence-based solutions outlined above through transparent, inclusive policy mechanisms.
- 2 Rebalance the risks and benefits throughout the value chain to ensure small-scale producers receive decent wages and fair prices for their crops.
- Align data, research, and policy decisions to the needs of small-scale producers and address the specific challenges faced by women, youth, indigenous peoples, and marginalized groups who are engaged in agriculture.

Financing:



Increase longer-term public and private investment and financing to enable small-scale producers to increase incomes and productivity in a sustainable way, including by providing direct and rapid support to small-scale producers and their organizations through multilateral or national mechanisms and ensuring that the repurposing of agricultural support benefits them.

CALL TO ACTION

Inclusive, Meaningful and Accountable Partnerships:

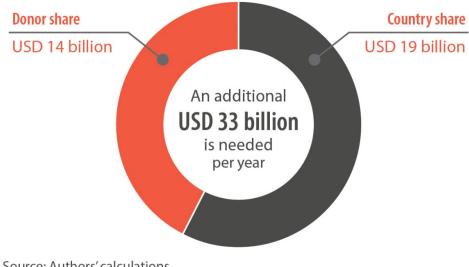
- 5 Strengthen mechanisms for coordination and accountability across partners (donors, NGOs, multilateral agencies, research institutions) to leverage strengths, align financing, expand coverage, and scale up impact.
- Build and strengthen partnerships with small-scale farmer organizations, subnational governments, and rural institutions to improve alignment, capacity, knowledge sharing, and accountability across stakeholders.

Resilience:

- Strengthen the adaptive capacity of small-scale food producers to respond to the impact of climate change by, for example, channelling a greater share of climate adaptation financing directly to them.
 - Invest in small-scale food producers' resilience and human capital by expanding the reach of social protection programs, improving access to health and nutrition services, and taking anticipatory action to protect and restore livelihoods and agricultural production when responding to emergencies and climatic shocks.

Donors must spend an additional USD 14 billion a year 🔊 on average to end hunger sustainably

Additional public spending and donor contribution











Source: Authors' calculations.

Decolonizing Evaluation: Let's walk the talk

Last day to submit your organizational or personal commitment to Decolonizing evaluation for The Journal of Multidisciplinary Evaluation's special issue on Decolonizing evaluation, edited by Bagele Chilisa, Professor of Evaluation, Theory and Practice, University of Botswana and Nicole Bowman (Lunaape/Mohican), PhD from University of Wisconsin Madison – WCER.

Make your commitment here:

<u>https://forms.gle/NEwoJ3xqgwHxibcp6</u> or write to <u>gunjan.veda@thp.org</u> (all languages welcome!)

Upcoming Events & Activities

- European Evaluation Society: MCLD Workshops:
 - Community led Monitoring and Evaluation: Principles and Tools (Full day Professional Development Workshop) on June 7
 - In Search of Equity: Two tools for Centering community Voice in Evaluative Practice. June 8, 11:25-12:55 am
 - Illuminating the Global Practice of Community-led Development: Do we Practice what we Preach? June 10, 10:20-11:50 am
- MCLD Global Call: June 29: Community-led SDGs (prep for HLPF)
- July 5-15: UN High-Level Political Forum SDG 4, 5, 14, 15, 17
- Upcoming: Course on Domestic Resource Mobilization, hosted by Change the Game Academy